Periodic Dog Check



The periodic dog roll call procedure is a great time tool to accomplish three important tasks in one.

- Confirm physical presence of each dog
- Reinforce leadership of the staff working with the dogs
- Perform a health and behavioral check of the dog.

The primary goal of the dog roll call is to confirm that every dog that is on the playgroup roster is physically present. But by calling each dog to you using the come cue you also reinforce your leader role and perform one of the three recommended daily leadership exercises. Once each dog comes to you, perform a health and behavior check. This extra effort is a great way to confirm each dog in your playgroup is healthy and proactively notice and monitor any changes in them during the day.

Perform the Nine Point Dog Check below as part of your dog roll call procedure. The first six items can be observed as you call the dog to you and interact; the last three items should reflect your observations of each dog for the time period since arrival or the last roll call. A check for each dog should take 1-2 minutes as these are quick observations during the recall and not a "physical examination." In the event a dog displays a red flag you may perform a more extensive physical exam on that specific dog.

| Dog Check Point | Observation | Red Flag |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. Responsiveness | Response of dog to hearing his | No response at all due to lethargy |
| | name and come cue | or illness |
| 2. Gait | Movement of dog as he comes | Limping, pace that is unusual for |
| | toward you | that dog |
| 3. Coat | Coat is smooth and dry | Check wet areas or hair tufts for |
| | | bug bites, injury, sores or hot spots |
| 4. Ears | Dog shaking head repeatedly | Look in ears for redness, discharge |
| | | or injury; smell ear for strong odors |
| 5. Eyes | Does dog focus on you? Eyes are | Darting or dilated eyes, excessive |
| | clear and bright | blinking, eyes closed |
| 6. Mouth | Normal breathing, pink tongue and | Excessive panting for environment |
| | gums | and activity level, bright red tongue |
| | | or gums or very pale/white gums |
| 7. Behavior | Is dog's response consistent in | Lethargy, ignoring cues, very slow |
| | terms of other responses to name | response to cues, behavior out of |
| | being called and response to come | character for that dog |
| | cue? Does dog respond to the sit | |
| | cue? | |
| 8. Water | Has dog's water consumption been | Drinking significantly more than |
| | normal for the dog and conditions | normal or for the current conditions |
| | | or not drinking enough water for |
| | | conditions |
| 9. Eliminations | Has dog's eliminations been | Frequent urination or straining; |
| | normal in frequency and form? | normal stools; no vomiting |

All red flag items should be documented on the dog roll call checklist. Monitor these items for changes for the rest of the time dog is in the center. Be sure to communicate red flag items to other staff members before your shift ends. Follow your pet centers procedures for documenting dog health and behavior observations that need to be communicated to the dog owner.

We recommend conducting roll calls a minimum of twice per day (morning and afternoon) but hourly roll calls are preferred. During extreme heat with dogs in outdoor play yards hourly checks are an important safety precaution to monitor early warnings of heat stress.

Keep in mind that in certain environmental conditions a red flag response could indicate a critical health emergency that needs to be escalated to management immediately. Be sure you know the early warning signs of critical life threatening conditions for dogs that include:

- Heat stroke or stress
- Bloat
- Seizures

For more off-leash playgroup resources visit our website: www.TheDogGurus.com